

Certificate of Analysis

CLIENT NAME: **GOOD FOR YOU CANADA**
ATTENTION: **Randy Welser**

AGAT WORK ORDER **89C42884**

Water Analysis

SAMPLE TYPE:	Liquid	DATE SAMPLED:	
SAMPLE ID:	250620	DATE RECEIVED:	Sep 21, 1999
SAMPLE DESCRIPTION:	Aerobic Oxygen	DATE REPORTED:	Sep 27, 1999

PARAMETER	RESULTS	UNITS	M.D.L.	DATE ANALYZED	INITIALS	DATE PREPARED
pH	8.8	-	NA	Sep 23, 1999	DK	Sep 23, 1999
Dissolved Oxygen	32.1	mg/L	0.1	Sep 23, 1999	LS	Sep 23, 1999
Chloride	12.8	mg/L	0.1	Sep 23, 1999	MG	Sep 23, 1999
Sodium	22.7	mg/L	0.8	Sep 23, 1999	SP	Sep 23, 1999

SAMPLE TYPE:	Water	DATE SAMPLED:	
SAMPLE ID:	257087	DATE RECEIVED:	Sep 21, 1999
SAMPLE DESCRIPTION:	Deionized Water	DATE REPORTED:	Sep 27, 1999

PARAMETER	RESULTS	UNITS	M.D.L.	DATE ANALYZED	INITIALS	DATE PREPARED
pH	6.8	-	NA	Sep 23, 1999	DK	Sep 23, 1999
Dissolved Oxygen	6.8	mg/L	0.1	Sep 23, 1999	LS	Sep 23, 1999
Chloride	<0.1	mg/L	0.1	Sep 23, 1999	MG	Sep 23, 1999
Sodium	<0.8	mg/L	0.8	Sep 23, 1999	SP	Sep 23, 1999

COMMENTS:
M.D.L. - Method Detection Limit
* Note: 10 Drops of Aerobic Oxygen added into 240 mL of DI Water
+ - Value refers to Method Detection Limit

The following test was performed to show the difference in water composition by adding 10 drops of Aerobic Oxygen to 240 mL of deionized water. The significant difference was in the dissolved Oxygen content which increased by 442%. There was also increases in sodium, chloride and the pH which was to be expected due to the components in Aerobic Oxygen.

Certified By 

Certificado de Análisis

NOMBRE DEL CUENTE: GOOD FOR YOU CANADA
ATENCIÓN: Randy Wilmer

AGAT ORDEN DE TRABAJO: INC4284

Análisis de Agua

TIPO DE PRUEBA:	Líquido	FECHA PRUEBA:	
NUMERO:	250000	FECHA RECIBIDO:	Sep 21, 1999
DESCRIPCION:	Aerobic Oxygen	FECHA REPORTE:	Sep 27, 1999

PARAMETRO	RESULTADOS	UNIDADES	M.D.L.	FECHA ANALIZADO	INICIALES	FECHA PREPARADO
pH	9.8	-	NA	Sep 23, 1999	DK	Sep 22, 1999
Oxígeno Disuelto	30.1	mg/L	0.1	Sep 22, 1999	LS	Sep 22, 1999
Clorito	12.8	mg/L	0.1	Sep 22, 1999	MG	Sep 22, 1999
Sodio	22.7	mg/L	0.6	Sep 23, 1999	SF	Sep 22, 1999

TIPO DE PRUEBA:	Agua	FECHA PRUEBA:	
NUMERO:	267567	FECHA RECIBIDO:	Sep 21, 1999
DESCRIPCION:	Agua Dioxida	FECHA REPORTE:	Sep 27, 1999

PARAMETRO	RESULTADOS	UNIDADES	M.D.L.	FECHA ANALIZADO	INICIALES	FECHA PREPARADO
pH	9.8	-	NA	Sep 23, 1999	DK	Sep 22, 1999
Oxígeno Disuelto	9.8	mg/L	0.1	Sep 23, 1999	LS	Sep 22, 1999
Clorito	<0.1	mg/L	0.1	Sep 23, 1999	MG	Sep 22, 1999
Sodio	<0.6	mg/L	0.6	Sep 23, 1999	SF	Sep 22, 1999

COMENTARIOS:

M.D.L. - Método de detección de Límite

* Nota: 10 gotas de Aerobic Oxygen se agregaron a 240 mL de agua DI

<- Valor se refiere al Método de Detección de Límite

Se hizo la siguiente prueba para demostrar la diferencia en la composición del agua, agregando 10 gotas de Aerobic Oxygen a 240 mL de Agua Dioxida. La diferencia fundamental estuvo en el contenido del Oxígeno disuelto que aumentó en 443%. También hubo aumento en Sodio y Clorito y el pH, lo cual se esperaba debido a los componentes del Aerobic Oxygen.

October 1, 1999
Es copia fiel del original


Randy Wilmer
Presidente
GOOD FOR YOU CORP.

Certified By: _____ (Firmado)

12/15/2011

12/15/2011

Financial Statements of the Corporation for the Year Ended December 31, 2011

Account	2011						2010					
	Assets	Liabilities	Equity	Assets	Liabilities	Equity	Assets	Liabilities	Equity	Assets	Liabilities	Equity
Current Assets												
Cash												
Accounts Receivable												
Inventory												
Prepaid Expenses												
Other Current Assets												
Non-current Assets												
Property, Plant, and Equipment												
Intangible Assets												
Other Non-current Assets												
Current Liabilities												
Accounts Payable												
Short-Term Debt												
Other Current Liabilities												
Non-current Liabilities												
Long-Term Debt												
Other Non-current Liabilities												
Equity												
Common Stock												
Retained Earnings												
Other Equity												

1. Description of the Corporation: The Corporation is a public company operating in the technology sector. It provides software solutions for various industries. The Corporation is headquartered in the United States and has operations in several international markets.

2. Significant Accounting Policies: The Corporation uses the accrual basis of accounting and follows the generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) in the United States. Key accounting policies include the recognition of revenue, the valuation of inventory, and the depreciation of property, plant, and equipment.

3. Revenue Recognition: Revenue is recognized when the performance obligation is satisfied, which typically occurs when the software is delivered to the customer and accepted. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable.

4. Inventory Valuation: Inventory is valued at the lower of cost or market. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method. Market is defined as the current replacement cost, less a normal profit margin.

5. Property, Plant, and Equipment: Property, plant, and equipment are recorded at cost and depreciated over their useful lives using the straight-line method. Depreciation begins when the asset is available for use.

6. Intangible Assets: Intangible assets are recorded at cost and amortized over their useful lives. Useful lives are determined based on the expected period of benefit to the Corporation.

7. Long-Term Debt: Long-term debt is recorded at the fair value of the proceeds received, net of issuance costs. Interest expense is recognized on a straight-line basis over the term of the debt.

8. Equity: Common stock is recorded at the fair value of the consideration received. Retained earnings represent the cumulative net income or loss of the Corporation, less dividends paid.

9. Contingencies: The Corporation is not aware of any material contingencies that could affect its financial position or results of operations.

10. Related Party Transactions: There are no related party transactions that have a material effect on the Corporation's financial statements.

11. Subsequent Events: The Corporation has evaluated subsequent events and determined that there are no material events that require adjustment to the financial statements.

12. Management's Discussion and Analysis: Management's discussion and analysis provides a narrative overview of the Corporation's financial performance and condition. It includes information about the Corporation's operations, market conditions, and risks.

13. Risk Factors: The Corporation is subject to various risks, including market risk, credit risk, and operational risk. Management has implemented various strategies to mitigate these risks.

14. Forward-Looking Statements: This document contains forward-looking statements that are subject to various risks and uncertainties. Management's actual results may differ from the results indicated by these statements.

15. Financial Ratios: The Corporation's financial ratios, including the debt-to-equity ratio and the current ratio, are within industry norms. These ratios provide a measure of the Corporation's financial health and liquidity.

